

Cluster Statement		Standard	Keep or Propose Change	Type of Change: Removed, Broken Up, Re-written	Quality Standards Rule	Reason for Proposed Change
Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.	6.RP.1	6.RP.1 Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities. For example, "The ratio of wings to beaks in the bird house at the zoo was 2:1, because for every 2 wings there was 1 beak." "For every vote candidate A received, candidate C received nearly three votes."	Keep			
Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.	6.RP.2	6.RP.2 Understand the concept of a unit rate a/b associated with a ratio $a:b$ with b does not equal 0, and use rate language in the context of a ratio relationship. For example, "This recipe has a ratio of 3 cups of flour to 4 cups of sugar, so there is $3/4$ cup of flour for each cup of sugar." "We paid \$75 for 15 hamburgers, which is a rate of \$5 per hamburger."	Keep			
Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.	6.RP.3	6.RP.3 Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. 3a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios. 3b. Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed. For example, if it took 7 hours to mow 4 lawns, then at that rate, how many lawns, could be mowed in 35 hours? At what rate were lawns being mowed? 3c. Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 (e.g., 30% of a quantity means $30/100$ times the quantity); solve problems involving finding the whole, given a part and the percent. 3d. Use ratio reasoning to convert measurement units; manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities.	Keep			
Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to divide fractions by fractions.	6.NS.1	6.NS.1 Interpret and compute quotients of fractions, and solve word problems involving division of fractions by fractions, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem. For example, create a story context for $(2/3) \div (3/4)$ and use a visual fraction model to show the quotient; use the relationship between multiplication and division to explain that $(2/3) \div (3/4) = 8/9$ because $3/4$ of $8/9$ is $2/3$. (In general, $(a/b) \div (c/d) = ad/bc$.) How much chocolate will each person get if 3 people share $1/2$ lb of chocolate equally? How many $3/4$ -cup servings are in $2/3$ of a cup of yogurt? How wide is a rectangular strip of land with length $3/4$ mi and area $1/2$ square mi?	keep			
Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers and find common factors and multiples.	6.NS.2	6.NS.2 Fluently divide multi-digit numbers using an algorithm including but not limited to the standard algorithm.	change	re-write	3	consistant language throughout standards
Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers and find common factors and multiples.	6.NS.3	6.NS.3 Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit decimals using the an algorithm including but not limited to the standard algorithm for each operation.	change	re-write	3	consistant language throughout standards

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Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers and find common factors and multiples.	6.NS.4	6.NS.4 Find the greatest common factor of two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 and the least common multiple of two whole numbers less than or equal to 12. Use the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1–100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor.	keep			
Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.	6.NS.5	6.NS.5 Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions or values (e.g., temperature above/below zero, elevation above/below sea level, credits/debits, positive/negative electric charge); use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation.	keep			
Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.	6.NS.6	6.NS.6 Understand a rational number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes familiar from previous grades to represent points on the line and in the plane with negative number coordinates. 6a. Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself, e.g., $-(-3) = 3$, and that 0 is its own opposite. 6b. Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane; recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes. 6c. Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.	keep			
Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.	6.NS.7	6.NS.7 Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers. 7a. Interpret statements of inequality as statements about the relative position of two numbers on a number line diagram. 7b. Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in real-world contexts. 7c. Understand the absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on the number line; interpret absolute value as magnitude for a positive or negative quantity in a real-world situation. 7d. Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order.	keep			
Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.	6.NS.8	6.NS.8 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate.	keep			

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Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.	6.EE.1	6.EE.1 Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number exponents (e.g. parentheses, brackets, or braces).	change	add to	1	common language with 5th & 7th grade
Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.	6.EE.3	6.EE.3 Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions with an emphasis on the distributive property.	Change	Re-word	2	Adding critical content and skill
Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.	6.EE.4	6.EE.4 Identify when two expressions are equivalent (i.e., when the two expressions name the same number regardless of which value is substituted into them).	keep			
Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.	6.EE.2	6.EE.2 Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers. 2a. Write expressions that record operations with numbers and with letters standing for numbers. For example, express the calculation "Subtract y from 5" as $5 - y$. 2b. Identify parts of an expression using mathematical terms (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, coefficient); view one or more parts of an expression as a single entity. For example, describe the expression $2(8 + 7)$ as a product of two factors; view $(8 + 7)$ as both a single entity and a sum of two terms. 2c. Evaluate expressions at specific values of their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas used in real-world problems. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations). For example use the formula $v = s^3$ and $A = 6s^2$ to find the volume and surface area of a cube with sides of length $s = \frac{1}{2}$. 2d. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations). 2d. Perform arithmetic operations following the order of operations with and without parentheses, including those involving whole-number exponents.	Change	Re-writren and Broke-up	3	Broke standard apart
Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.	6.EE.5	6.EE.5 Understand solving an equation or inequality as is a process in which you determine of answering a question: which values from a specified set, that if any, make an the equation or inequality true. ? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.	Change	Re-write	1	removed the question for clarity of language
Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.	6.EE.6	6.EE.6 Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.	Keep			
Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.	6.EE.7	6.EE.7 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form $x + p = q$ and $px = q$ for cases in which p , q and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.	keep			
Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.	6.EE.8	6.EE.8 Write an inequality of the form $x < c$ or $x > c$ $x > c$, $x \geq c$, $x < c$ or $x \leq c$ which to represent s a constraint or condition or constraint in a real-world or mathematical problem. Recognize that inequalities of the form $x < c$ or $x > c$ have infinitely many solutions; represent solutions of such inequalities on number line diagrams.	change	re-write	3	Clarified language

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Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables.	6.EE.9	6.EE.9 Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation.	keep			
Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.	6.G.1	6.G.1 Find the area of right triangles, other triangles, special quadrilaterals, and polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes; apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.	keep			
Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.	6.G.2	6.G.2 Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = l w h$ and $V = b h$ where B is the area of the base to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.	change	clarifying additional usage	3	Change lower case b to capital B to show that the computation for the B (area of the base) has already been done.
Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.	6.G.3	6.G.3 Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the length of a side joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.	keep			
Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.	6.G.4	6.G.4 Represent three-dimensional figures using nets made up of rectangles and triangles, and use the nets to find the surface area of these figures. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.	keep			
Develop understanding of statistical variability.	6.SP.1	6.SP.1 Recognize a statistical question as one that anticipates variability in the data related to the question and accounts for it in the answers.	keep			
Develop understanding of statistical variability.	6.SP.2	6.SP.2 Understand that a set of data collected to answer a statistical question has a distribution which can be described by its center spread, and overall shape.	keep			
Develop understanding of statistical variability.	6.SP.3	6.SP.3 Recognize that a measure of center (mean and/or median) for a numerical data set summarizes all of its values with a single number, while a measure of variation (such as mean absolute deviation and/or range) describes summarizes data points' distances from the mean or each other. how its values vary with a single number.	change	clarify	3	changed for clarity

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Summarize and describe distributions.	6.SP.4	6.SP.4 Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms, and box plots.	keep			
Summarize and describe distributions.	6.SP.5	6.SP.5 Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by: 5a. Reporting the number of observations. 5b. Describing the nature of the attribute under investigation, including how it was measured and its units of measurement. 5c. Giving quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (interquartile range and/or mean absolute deviation), as well as describing any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered. 5d. Relating the choice of measures of center and variability to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered.	keep			