SD State Standards Disaggregated English Language Arts

Strand:	Language	Anchor Standard:	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	Grade level:	1
			036		

Standards Relating to Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

1.L.4 Choose a strategy to determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade level content.

- a. Use sentence-level context as as clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.
- c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking).

1.L.5 With guidance and support, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and subtle differences in word meanings.

- a. Sort words into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
- b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes.
- c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use.
- d. Distinguish differences among verbs and adjectives with similar meanings (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl); by defining, choosing, or acting out the meanings.

1.L.6 Use words and phrases, including frequently occurring conjunctions to convey ideas precisely.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use: Relevance and Essential Questions: What's the point?

Essential Questions (Drive Intellectual Curiosity-The Hook)	Big Idea Statements (What students need to discover)			
How can the meaning of words and phrases be clarified and determined?	Using different strategies helps students determine and clarify the meaning of words and phrases.			
What are different ways to understand word meanings and relationships?	Understanding word relationships and subtle differences in word meanings, helps students learn new words.			
How can ideas be conveyed clearly?	Using appropriate words, phrases, and conjunctions helps students convey ideas clearly.			

Learning Progression: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use (1.L.4 1.L.5 1.L.6)				
Correlating Standard in Previous Year	Number Sequence & Standard	Correlating Standard in Following Year		
K.L.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. a. Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird	 1.L.4 Choose a strategy to determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade level content. a. Use sentence-level context as as clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a 	 2.L.4 Determine the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade level content using flexible strategies. a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Determine the meaning of 		

and learning the verb to duck). b. Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.	word. c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking).	 words when a prefix is added (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell). c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional). d. Use knowledge o the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark). e. Use print and digital reference materials to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.
 K.L.5 With prompting and support, explore word relationships and subtle differences in word meanings. a. Sort common objects into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposite (antonyms). c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use d. Distinguish between verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. 	 1.L.5 With guidance and support, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and subtle differences in word meanings. Sort words into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes. Identify real-life connections between words and their use. Distinguish differences among verbs and adjectives with similar meanings (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl); by defining, choosing, or acting out the meanings. 	 2.L.5 Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and subtle differences in word meanings. a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy). b. Distinguish subtle differences among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).
K.L.6 Use vocabulary acquired through conversations, reading, and learning experiences, to ask questions and convey ideas.	1.L.6 Use words and phrases, including frequently occurring conjunctions to convey ideas precisely.	2.L.6 Use acquired words and phrases, including adjectives and adverbs, to convey ideas precisely.

Rigor and Cognitive Complexity			
Know (Factual)	Do (Procedural/ Application)		
1.L.4Root words	1.L.4 The context of a sentence determines	1.L.4 Apply multiple strategies to determine	

 Inflectional endings Words with multiple meanings Context clues Affixes 	the meaning of an unknown word or phrase. Affixes help determine the meaning of an unknown word. Root words can have inflectional	the meaning of unknown words.Recognize and use words with affixes and their meanings.Identify root words and their inflectional forms.
 1.L.5 Definitions of verbs and adjectives Categorize words Real-life connections Attributes 	endings. 1.L.5 There are basic but varying relationships between words and their meanings. Words can be sorted into categories. Words can be described by attributes.	 1.L.5 Sort words into categories. Define words based on their category and 1-2 key attributes. Identify connections between words and their use.
 1.L.6 A phrase is part of a sentence. Conjunctions 	 Words have real-life meanings. Verbs and adjectives may have similar meanings. 1.L.6 Words and phrases connect thoughts and ideas. Conjunctions connect words, phrases, or sentences. 	Distinguish slight differences between verb meanings and adjective meanings. 1.L.6 Use conjunctions, words, or phrases when speaking or writing to express ideas.

Student Friendly Language

1.L.4

I can use context clues to help me know the meaning of a word or phrase.

I can use affixes to help me understand what the word means.

I can find root words and inflectional endings to help me understand what the word means.

1.L.5

I can sort and define the meaning of words in a category in one or more ways.

I know the meanings of words by using them in my life.

I know the difference between similar meanings of verbs and adjectives.

1.L.6

I can convey my ideas by using conjunctions to connect words and phrases.

Key Vocabulary			
 1.L.4 Root words Affixes Inflectional endings Context clues 	 1.L.5 Verbs Adjectives Similar Different Sort Real-life connections Key attributes Categories 	 1.L.6 Conjunctions Phrase relationships 	

Relevance and Applications: How might the skills in the standards be applied at home, on the job or in a real-world, relevant context?

Using multiple strategies helps us determine unfamiliar words and phrases.

Knowing word relationships and differences in words help us understand unfamiliar words.

Our ideas and thoughts can be conveyed clearly by using the appropriate conjunctions.

Resources

https://doe.sd.gov/octe/ELA-resources.aspx

Achievement Level Descriptors

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:

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- c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking).

1.L.5 With guidance and support, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and subtle differences in word meanings.

- a. Sort words into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
- b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes.
- c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use.
- d. Distinguish differences among verbs and adjectives with similar meanings (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl); by defining, choosing, or acting out the meanings.

1.L.6 Use words and phrases, including frequently occurring conjunctions to convey ideas precisely.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
In grade-level texts, with	In grade-level texts, with	In grade-level texts, with	In grade-level and higher
significant prompting and	prompting and support,	prompting and support,	texts, students should be
support, students should be	students should be able to	students should be able to	able to
able to			
•Choose a strategy to	•Choose a strategy to	•Choose a strategy to	•Choose a strategy to
minimally determine or clarify		determine or clarify the	thoroughly determine or
the meaning of few unknown	the meaning of some	meaning of unknown and	clarify the meaning of
and multiple-meaning words	unknown and multiple-	multiple-meaning words and	unknown and multiple-
and phrases: sentence-level	meaning words and phrases:	phrases: sentence-level	meaning words and phrases:
context; frequently occurring	sentence-level context;	context; frequently occurring	sentence-level context;
affixes; frequently occurring	frequently occurring affixes;	affixes; frequently occurring	frequently occurring affixes;
root words and their	frequently occurring root	root words and their	frequently occurring root
inflectional forms.	words and their inflectional	inflectional forms.	words and their inflectional
	forms.		forms.

 Demonstrate minimal 		•Demonstrate understanding	
understanding of few word	 Demonstrate partial 	of word relationships and	Demonstrate
relationships and subtle	understanding of some word	subtle differences in word	thorough understanding of
differences in word	relationships and subtle	meanings: Sort words into	word relationships and
meanings: Sort words into	differences in word	categories to gain a sense of	subtle differences in word
categories to gain a sense of	meanings: Sort words into	the concepts the categories	meanings: Sort words into
the concepts the categories	categories to gain a sense of	represent, define words by	categories to gain a sense of
represent, define words by	the concepts the categories	category and by one or more	the concepts the categories
category and by one or more	represent, define words by	key attributes, identify real-	represent, define words by
key attributes, identify real-	category and by one or more	life connections between	category and by one or more
life connections between	key attributes, identify real-	words and their use,	key attributes, identify real-
words and their use,	life connections between	distinguish differences	life connections between
distinguish differences	words and their use,	among verbs and adjectives	words and their use,
among verbs and adjectives	distinguish differences	with similar meanings by	distinguish differences
with similar meanings by	among verbs and adjectives	defining, choosing, or acting	among verbs and adjectives
defining, choosing, or acting	with similar meanings by	out the meanings.	with similar meanings by
out the meanings.	defining, choosing, or acting		defining, choosing, or acting
	out the meanings.	 Use words and phrases, 	out the meanings.
 Use few words and 		including conjunctions	
phrases, including	 Use some words and 	precisely.	 Use words and phrases,
conjunctions, to convey	phrases, including		including conjunctions,
ideas.	conjunctions precisely.		thoroughly and precisely.